

## 2022 Q1 SUMMA CANISTER REPORT COMMERCE CITY NORTH DENVER COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING NETWORK COMMERCE CITY, COLORADO

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from 6-liter evacuated stainless steel ("Summa") canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout entire neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two, the periodic collection and laboratory analysis of Summa canister air samples and a screening health risk analysis. Continuous, near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports.

Planned air samples were collected during the first quarter of 2022. A total of 12 planned air samples (1-hour) were collected by field technicians at nine locations within the CCND neighborhoods, and at an additional three non-CCND community monitoring reference sites (urban and rural background) that were chosen for the sampling campaign. All air samples were collected using Summa canisters and sent to an accredited laboratory for analysis of a broad suite of VOCs in accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methods TO-15 and TO-14A.

Health scientists from CTEH, LLC (CTEH®) (a subsidiary company of Montrose) performed a screening-level human health risk assessment based on the data collected by Montrose. A screening-level assessment uses the most health-conservative assumptions about exposure and chemical toxicity. This risk assessment was conducted to determine whether measured concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined risk) VOCs could potentially cause acute (short-term) adverse health effects. The health risk calculations described in this report were performed per federal and state guidance. The risk assessment resulted in the following overall findings:

- All measured individual and cumulative air concentrations of VOCs in planned air samples collected on February 21, 2022 at CCND and reference locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
- All measured concentrations of VOCs are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two (Summa canister sampling and analysis). The continuous near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports. Air monitoring, sampling, and analysis from all three approaches were conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and are available online at www.ccndair.com/documents.

#### 1.1 Air Monitoring Site Description

Nine Summa canister samples were collected from the CCND neighborhoods within a three-mile radius of the refinery operations. The ninth monitoring location (CM9 – 48<sup>th</sup> and Race) was setup and came online in late Q4, 2021; therefore, this was the first quarter a planned Summa canister was collected and analyzed at CM9. The monitor locations are shown in Figures 1-1 and 1-2 and described in Table 1-1; they were selected based on the following criteria:

- Historical wind pattern data,
- Proximity to the refinery and non-refinery sources,
- Existing infrastructure, as well as site access and safety,
- Community feedback

An additional three planned air samples were collected at non-CCND community monitoring sites (reference locations), in both urban and rural locations (Table 1-2). These locations were at the E470-I25 Junction (JUNC), the Brighton Fire Department (BFD), and the Colorado Department of Health and Environment (CDPHE) CAMP air monitoring station (CAMP). The JUNC and BFD monitoring locations were chosen as rural background locations about 13 miles north of the CCND network. The CAMP location was selected as a representative urban location that has comparative data collected by CDPHE<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> CDPHE describes CAMP as Urban in many reports. As an example, this description can be found on page 6 of the <u>2020 Ambient Air Monitoring Network Assessment</u>:

https://www.colorado.gov/airquality/tech doc repository.aspx?action=open&file=2020 CO 5yr Network Assessment.pdf



FIGURE 1-1
MAP OF NINE CCND MONITOR LOCATIONS

FIGURE 1-2

MAP OF THREE NON-CCND COMMUNITY MONITORING (URBAN AND RURAL BACKGROUND) SITES: E470/I25 (JUNC), BRIGHTON FIRE DEPARTMENT (BFD) AND COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT (CDPHE) CAMP AIR MONITORING STATION (CAMP)



**TABLE 1-1**CCND MONITORS AND SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING LOCATIONS

			Distance from Refinery Center	
Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	(miles)	Cross Streets
CM1	Rose Hill Elementary School	39.80164, -104.90882	2.0	E. 58 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Oneida St., Commerce City
CM2	Suncor Refinery Business Center	39.79599, -104.95603	0.70	Brighton Blvd. & York St., Commerce City
CM3	Adams City High School	39.82736, -104.90193	2.9	E. 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Quebec Pkwy, Commerce City
CM4	Adams City Middle School	39.82893, -104.93499	1.9	Birch St. & E. 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM5	Central Elementary School	39.81457, -104.91928	1.7	Holly St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM6	Focus Points Family Resource Center	39.78436, -104.95663	1.4	Columbine St. & 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM7	Kearney Middle School	39.80888, -104.91545	1.7	E. 62 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Kearney St., Commerce City
CM8	Monroe	39.8156, -104.94503	0.85	Monroe St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM9	48 <sup>th</sup> and Race	39.78455, -104.96264	1.7	East 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Race St., Denver

TABLE 1-2
SUMMA CANISTER REFERENCE LOCATIONS

Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	Distance from Refinery Center (miles)	Cross Streets
CAMP	Denver CDPHE	39.75111, -104.98766	4.2	Champa St. & N. Broadway, Denver
JUNC	E470/I25	39.98614, -104.98468	12.8	E. 160 <sup>th</sup> & Washington St., Thornton
BFD	Brighton	39.98512, -104.86665	13.1	Havana St. & Havana Way, Brighton

#### 2.0 METHODS

#### 2.1 Air Sampling Methods

Planned air samples were collected during the first quarter of 2022 on February 21, 2022. Entech Instruments Silonite™ CS1200E Passive Canister Samplers connected to 6-liter chemically inert stainless steel ("Summa") canisters were used to collect samples over a 1-hour period. The Summa canisters were cleaned and blanked for use according to laboratory standard operating procedures. Planned air samples were collected by a field technician by manually opening and closing the Summa canister's regulator valve during a time when real-time instruments indicated total VOC concentrations to be less than the 1-ppm trigger level. All sampling and quality assurance procedures were performed by Montrose. All Summa canister field sampling followed the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) provided in the QAPP.

The canister samples were shipped to Enthalpy Analytical in Durham, North Carolina. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Compendium Method TO-14A "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air using Specially Prepared Canisters with Subsequent Analysis by Gas Chromatography" and TO-15 entitled "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air Collected in Specially Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)" were followed for both sampling and analysis methodology. A total of 59 analytes were selected for analysis in this assessment, based on the typical suite of compounds monitored for in urban and industrial areas, accounting for laboratory analysis capabilities (Table 1-3).

**TABLE 1-3**SELECTED COMPOUNDS MEASURED IN SUMMA CANISTERS

Ethylene	Isopentane	3-Methylpentane	3-Methylheptane	2,4- Dimethylpentane
Acetylene	1-Pentene	1-Hexene	Nonane	2,3-
Ethane	Pentane	1,3-Butadiene	3-Ethyltoluene	Dimethylpentane 1,2,3- Trimethylbenzene
Propylene	Isoprene	Heptane	2-Ethyltoluene	1,3,5- Trimethylbenzene
Propane	Trans-2-Pentene	2-Methylhexane	Decane	2,2,4- Trimethylpentane
Isobutane	Cis-2-Pentene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Tetrachloroethene
1-Butene	2,2- Dimethylbutane	3-Methylhexane	m-Diethylbenzene	1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene
Butane	Cyclopentane	Methylcyclohexane	p-Diethylbenzene	Methylcyclopentane
Trans-2-Butene	Cyclohexane	Hexane	Undecane	2,3,4- Trimethylpentane
Cis-2-Butene	2-Methylpentane	2-Methylheptane	Dodecane	2,3-Dimethylbutane
m-/p-Xylenes	o-Xylene	4-Ethyltoluene	Benzene	Carbon disulfide
n-Octane	Isopropylbenzene	n-Propylbenzene	Naphthalene	

#### 2.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Methods

CTEH® conducted a screening-level public health risk assessment, consistent with federal and state risk assessment guidelines, to determine whether exposure to the detected concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) analytes in the air could potentially pose acute (short-term) health impacts. A tiered approach to the risk assessment was used. This approach involves one or more iterative steps (or tiers) being performed in which health risks are calculated and evaluated multiple times. In most cases, risk assessors cannot know exactly the level of chemical exposure experienced by individuals or communities. Therefore, the first tier involves use of exposure assumptions that are health-conservative. This means that data reflecting maximum exposure potential are plugged into the risk calculations. These are worst-case scenarios that typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. Such calculations are very simple and assume a person is constantly exposed to the highest measured chemical level. If the resulting risk values indicate the lack of likely adverse health effects under these worst-case conditions, then the risk assessment is complete. However, if the risk values suggest a potential for adverse health effects, then a second tier of risk calculations are performed, but this time using more detailed assumptions about exposure that are still simple

representations of the real world but are more realistic than the first-tier worst-case assumptions. Each successive tier represents a more complete characterization of exposure variability and/or uncertainty that requires a corresponding increase in calculation complexity and scientific level of effort.

The first tier of this risk assessment process is called a screening-level risk assessment. The conservative assumptions used for this level of risk calculation typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. As such, an exceedance of an acceptable risk level (defined below) does not necessarily indicate that adverse health effects are likely. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) states, "when health assessors find exposures higher than the MRLs (ATSDR's specific health-based reference levels), it means that they may want to look more closely at a site"<sup>2</sup>. In other words, screening-level findings of an estimated exposure to a VOC being higher than a health-based reference level do NOT indicate an actual likelihood of adverse effects but do indicate a need to move to a second tier of analysis and refine the risk assessment process with more realistic detail to determine if an actual risk exists that needs to be mitigated.

The screening-level risk assessment reported here includes calculated risks from exposure to individually measured chemicals as well as exposure to all measured chemicals at once (cumulative). For individual chemicals, an acute health risk value was calculated as the exposure concentration (EC) divided by the chemical-specific federal or state established acute Reference Levels (RL) (Equation 1). The result is referred to as the hazard quotient (HQ). Estimates of EC were derived from the 1-hour average concentrations of each analyte. Using the average for the EC conservatively assumes that a hypothetical maximally exposed individual occupies the sampling location area and breathes the 1-hour detected concentration continuously for an hour up to multiple days (an acute exposure). The RLs used to calculate the HQs are previously established exposure levels below which no adverse effect in humans is expected. If available, RLs adopted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) were selected for use within this assessment and include ATSDR acute minimum risk levels (MRL), California EPA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) acute risk levels. and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) acute exposure screening levels (acute ESL) or Reference Value (ReVs)3. If the analyte was not listed by CDPHE, CTEH8 followed a federal and state recommended hierarchy for selection of health-based reference levels4.

Acute HQs were calculated as follows:

Eq. 1 – Hazard Quotient (HQ) Equation

HQ= EC/ RL

Where:

HQ= Hazard Quotient

EC= 1-hour average air concentration

RL= Acute Health-based Reference Level (ATSDR, Cal EPA OEHHA, and TCEQ)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%2 0(MRLs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P2KEvu0MFiyzQAOQtjQUclqR-WGh1bEX/view

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2015-11/documents/hhmemo.pdf

Health risks from potential cumulative exposures to all detected analytes were calculated by adding together each individual analyte's HQ calculated for a given sampling location. This sum of all the individual HQs is called a Hazard Index (HI). Adding together all the HQs is also a very health-conservative approach because it assumes that all the measured analytes exert an adverse effect on the body in a similar manner, which is rarely the case.

An HQ or HI of less than or equal to one is an indication that the estimated exposure is likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations. The potential for adverse health effects increases as HQ or HI increase above one, but it is not known by how much. HQ or HI values of greater than one would prompt a second-tier risk assessment beyond the screening-level assessment.

According to the USEPA and ATSDR, the federal agencies that establish these reference levels, these values "are set below levels that, based on current information, might cause adverse health effects in the people most sensitive." This is because RLs are based on observed toxicity in human or animal studies with an added safety factor to account for uncertainties in the toxicity data. For example, ATSDR identified the lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) for acute exposure to benzene as 10,200 parts per billion (ppb), based on a study of mice exposed six hours per day for six days. ATSDR then applied a combined safety factor of 300 to derive the final RL to account for several uncertainties, including differences between mice and humans and for sensitive individuals. Therefore, it is scientifically incorrect to assume that all real-world exposures to a chemical at levels higher than a RL will likely result in an adverse effect.

The USEPA also has established values for use in emergency situations, termed Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs). Unlike health-based reference levels that can be thousands of times below exposure levels where adverse effects are observed, AEGL values are levels at which different acute adverse health effects may be anticipated to occur. According to USEPA, "AEGL-1 represent exposure levels that could produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and non-disabling odor, taste, and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, non-sensory effects. With increasing airborne concentration above each AEGL, there is a progressive increase in the likelihood of occurrence and the severity of effects described for each corresponding AEGL [i.e., AEGL-2 or AEGL-3]." The AEGL-1 60-minute value, if available for the applicable compound, was provided for comparison purposes because it is more precautionary (than AEGL-2 or AEGL-3) as the AEGL-1 level reflects potential health impacts that are reversible upon cessation of exposure.

#### 3.0 RESULTS

#### 3.1 Summary of Air Sampling Results

A total of 12, 1-hour planned air samples were collected during the first quarter of 2022. Nine were collected from CCND sampling locations and three were collected from reference locations. Summary details are presented in Tables 1-4 and 1-5, and additional details are available in Appendix A.

**TABLE 1-4**FEBRUARY 21, 2022 (Q1) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – CCND MONITORING LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PARTS PER BILLION BY VOLUME)

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections
1-Butene	106-98-9	9	9	0.1070 - 0.2580
1-Hexene	592-41-6	9	0	< 0.0619
1-Pentene	109-67-1	9	9	0.0711 - 0.1430
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	9	7	0.0643 - 0.1340
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	9	8	0.0713 - 0.1190
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	9	7	0.1020 - 0.2430
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	9	0	< 0.0619
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	9	0	< 0.0619
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	9	0	< 0.0619
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	9	Ö	< 0.0619
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	9	9	0.3700 - 0.7840
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	9	9	0.0833 - 0.1360
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	9	9	0.0749 - 0.3890
		9	9	0.0749 - 0.3690
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8		107.0	
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	9	9	0.1330 - 0.3140
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	9	0	< 0.0619
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	9	9	0.2150 - 0.3920
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	9	8	0.0661 - 0.1320
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	9	0	< 0.0619
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	9	1	0.0826
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	9	8	0.2460 - 0.5810
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	9	0	< 0.0619
Acetylene	74-86-2	9	9	1.6800 - 2.7000
Benzene	71-43-2	9	9	0.2820 - 0.5130
Butane	106-97-8	9	9	2.4300 - 6.2000
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	9	3	0.0672 - 0.2300
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	9	9	0.0752 - 0.3540
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	9	6	0.0614 - 0.0892
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	9	9	0.1970 - 0.4330
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	9	8	0.1310 - 0.5250
Decane	124-18-5	9	6	0.0765 - 0.2430
Dodecane	112-40-3	9	1	0.0763
Ethane	74-84-0	9	9	9.0800 - 21.8000
	100-41-4	9	9	0.0855 - 0.1670
Ethylbenzene				
Ethylene	74-85-1	9	9	2.6500 - 4.4400
Heptane	142-82-5	9	9	0.1350 - 0.2690
Hexane	110-54-3	9	9	0.2600 - 0.6420
Isobutane	75-28-5	9	9	0.6400 - 2.0600
Isopentane	78-78-4	9	9	1.2000 - 2.7100
Isoprene	78-79-5	9	2	0.0910 - 0.1230
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	9	0	< 0.0619
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3 &/ 106-42-3	9	9	0.2310 - 0.4150
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	9	0	< 0.0619
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	9	0	< 0.0619
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	9	9	0.2530 - 0.4560
n-Octane	111-65-9	9	6	0.0665 - 0.1070
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	9	0	< 0.0619
Naphthalene	91-20-3	9	0	< 0.0619
Nonane	111-84-2	9	7	0.0619 - 0.1630
o-Xylene	95-47-6	9	9	0.0716 - 0.1450
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	9	5	0.0670 - 0.1140
Pentane	109-66-0	9	9	0.6040 - 2.1700
Propane	74-98-6	9	9	2.1000 - 7.3600
		9		
Propylene Total children than a	115-07-1		9	0.5370 - 0.9850
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	9	0	< 0.0619
Toluene	108-88-3	9	9	0.5520 - 1.1700
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	9	9	0.0675 - 0.4590
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	9	8	0.0911 - 0.5080
Undecane	1120-21-4	9	5	0.0677 - 0.1110

All results presented in ppb

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.

**TABLE 1-5**FEBRUARY 21, 2022 (Q1) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – REFERENCE LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PARTS PER BILLION BY VOLUME)

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Dange of Detections
1-Butene	106-98-9	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections 0.0661 - 0.2320
1-Hexene	592-41-6	3	1	0.0001-0.2520
1-Pentene	109-67-1	3	2	0.0680 - 0.1670
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8		2	0.0731 - 0.1560
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3	1	0.0808
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	3	3	0.0659 - 0.1100
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	3	0	< 0.0623
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	3	0	< 0.0623
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	3	0	< 0.0623
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	3	0	< 0.0623
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	3	3	0.1530 - 0.6370
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	3	2	0.0693 - 0.0923
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	3	1	0.0750
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	3	1	0.1540
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	3	1	0.1800
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	3	0	< 0.0623
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	3	3	0.0949 - 0.3270
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	3	2	0.0626 - 0.0998
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	3	1	0.0718
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	3	1	0.0898
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	3	3	0.1220 - 0.3870
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	3	0	< 0.0623
Acetylene	74-86-2	3	3	1.0100 - 2.4300
Benzene	71-43-2	3	3	0.1640 - 0.3390
	106-97-8	3	3	1.4100 - 5.7300
Butane		3		
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3	2	0.0800 - 0.0991
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	3	1	0.0676
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	3	0	< 0.0623
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	3	3	0.0793 - 0.2720
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	3	1	0.3230
Decane	124-18-5	3	2	0.0743 - 0.1400
Dodecane	112-40-3	3	0	< 0.0623
Ethane	74-84-0	3	3	5.4800 - 22.6000
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3	1	0.0905
Ethylene	74-85-1	3	3	1.3300 - 3.2000
Heptane	142-82-5	3	1	0.2810
Hexane	110-54-3	3	3	0.1110 - 0.6860
Isobutane	75-28-5	3	3	0.4540 - 2.3500
Isopentane	78-78-4	3	3	0.4580 - 2.5300
Isoprene	78-79-5	3	0	< 0.0623
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	3	0	< 0.0623
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3 &/ 106-42-3	3	3	0.1320 - 0.2780
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	3	0	< 0.0623
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	3	0	< 0.0623
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	3	3	0.1110 - 0.3830
n-Octane	111-65-9	3	1	0.1060
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	3	ō	< 0.0623
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3	0	< 0.0623
Nonane	111-84-2	3	1	0.1300
o-Xylene		3	1	0.0916
	95-47-6	3		
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	3	2	0.0749 - 0.0784
Pentane	109-66-0	3	3	0.3430 - 2.2200
Propane	74-98-6	3	3	1.2700 - 10.3000
Propylene	115-07-1	3	3	0.2770 - 0.6530
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	3	0	< 0.0623
Toluene	108-88-3	3	3	0.2570 - 0.5860
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	3	1	0.1150
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	3	0	< 0.0623
Undecane	1120-21-4	3	1	0.1320

All results presented in ppb

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than (" $\leq$ ") the method detection limit.

#### 3.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Results

The purpose of this screening health risk assessment was to determine whether exposure to the concentrations of individual or cumulative VOCs could potentially pose acute (short-term) health hazards. Acute health risks were estimated for each location for each substance both individually and combined. According to USEPA guidelines (USEPA 1989, 2004), a HQ or HI less than or equal to one indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive subpopulations. The calculated acute HQ and HI are summarized in Table 1-6, Table 1-7 and Figure 1-3 and all data are presented in Appendix B. In general, the air sampling data and health risk assessment indicate:

- All measured individual and cumulative air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on February 21, 2022 at CCND sampling locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
  - Table 1-6 shows all HQs for individual VOCs to be well below one. An HQ of less than one indicates unlikely risk of adverse health effects from that VOC.
  - Cumulative health risks (as indicated by HI) for all VOCs are shown in Figure 1-3. The calculated HI for all sampled sites were well below one, indicating unlikely risk of adverse health effects from cumulative exposure to measured analytes.
- All measured individual and combined air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on February 21, 2022 at the three additional reference sample locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels (Table 1-7, Figure 1-3).
- These risk results for samples taken from both CCND and reference locations indicate the measured concentrations are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

TABLE 1-6
FEBRUARY 21, 2022 (Q1) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS:
COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – CCND
MONITORING SITES

									oruary 21, 2				
Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe	CM9 - 48th and Race
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670.000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0008
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-55-0	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0000
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
2-Methylheptane 2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
2-Methylpentane					0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.00001
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2 540-84-1	NR NR	5,400 4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
2,2,4-trimethylpentane 2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
	79-29-8 565-59-3	NR NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane					0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7 620-14-4	NR NR	8,300 250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003
3-Ethyltoluene	589-81-1	NR	4.100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0004	0.0000
3-Methylheptane					0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV		0.0001	0.0000		0.0001		0.0001		
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001		0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001			0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL		0.0361	0.0313						
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0000 NA	NA	NA	0.0000 NA	NA	0.0000 NA	0.0000 NA	0.0000 NA	0.0000 NA
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	0.0000	0.0000					0.0000	0.0000	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3,3000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL			0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR 50.000	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001		0.0001
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0002	0.0004	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003		0.0003	0.0004
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0004	0.0005	0.0003	0.0005	0.0005	0.0004	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0007	0.0007	0.0006	0.0006
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
o-Xylene	95-47-6	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA ATORRA A ANDI	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103	NA 0.0103
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0102	0.0103	0.0103	0.0103	0.0102	0.0103	0.0103	0.0103	0.0102
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0003	0.0004	0.0003	0.0003	0.0004	0.0003	0.0004	0.0004	0.0006
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001
				Hazard Inde	x 0.0586	0.0521	0.0464	0.0509	0.0522	0.0525	0.0511	0.0569	0.0738

NA = Not Available

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NR}}$  = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

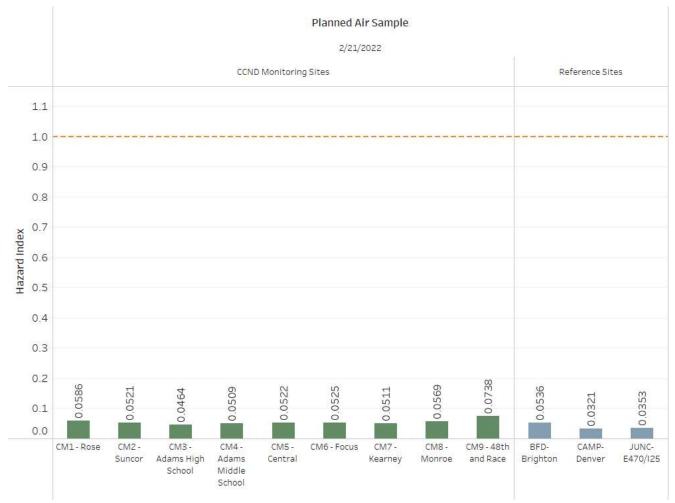
TABLE 1-7
FEBRUARY 21, 2022 (Q1) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS:
COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES –
REFERENCE SITES

						lazard Quotiei ebruary 21, 202		
					-	euruary 21, 202	22	
Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 160 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	BFD- Brighton	CAMP- Denver	JUNC- E470/I25	
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3.000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0004	0.0002	0.0003	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	
		NR		TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4		8,300		0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV				
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV				
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0004	0.0003	0.0002	
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0377	0.0182	0.0212	
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3,3000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3	NR.	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	
Methylcyclonexane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0005	0.0001	0.0002	
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4.100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0002	
n-Octane n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	
n-Propyidenzene Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	
							0.0007	
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000		
o-Xylene	95-47-6	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	
Pentane	109-66-0	NR 5.500.000	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0102	0.0103	0.0104	
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	
				Hazard Index	0.0536	0.0321	0.0353	

NA = Not Available

 ${\sf NR} = {\sf According} \ {\sf to} \ {\sf EPA}, {\sf AEGL} \ {\sf is} \ "{\sf Not} \ {\sf Recommended} \ {\sf due} \ {\sf to} \ {\sf insufficient} \ {\sf data}"$ 

FIGURE 1-3
FEBRUARY 21, 2022 (Q1) - HAZARD INDEX BY AIR SAMPLING LOCATION FOR ALL PLANNED AIR SAMPLES



Hazard Index (HI) is the sum of all combined hazard quotients (HQ). According to EPA, a HI less than or equal to one (orange line) indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

#### 3.3 Uncertainty Evaluation

Scientific uncertainty is inherent in each step of the risk assessment process because all risk assessments incorporate a variety of assumptions and professional judgments (USEPA 1989, 2004). Therefore, the acute health hazard estimates presented in this assessment are conditional estimates given a considerable number of assumptions about exposure and toxicity.

This screening-level risk assessment relied on a combination of health-protective exposure scenarios and input values (i.e., high-end exposures). This approach was selected to help risk management decision making. Because of these assumptions, the estimates of acute hazards are themselves uncertain.

This risk assessment did not address past or present health outcomes associated with current or past exposures. As such, this risk assessment cannot be used to make realistic predictions of biological effects and/or used to determine whether someone is ill (cancer or other adverse health effects) due to past or current exposures. This risk assessment was limited to inhalation exposures from outdoor exposures to *all* potential sources.

#### 4.0 PROGRAM CHANGES

Q1 2022 was the first quarter a planned Summa canister was collected at CM9.

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# APPENDIX A SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODIES

An A	-	_	ATAMA	TTA	LDW		Air Chain of Custody Record Turn					Around Time (rush by advanced notice only)						y)	
Part			NI	HA	LPY		Lab No:				10 Day:		5 Day:		x	3 D	ay:		
Part		A	NAL	YT	ICAL		Page:	1	of	1	2 Day:		1 Day:			Cus	tom TAT		
Report 12:   Berndan Lawfor   Number:   PROJECTION   Properation   Programme	F						CUSTOMER INFORMATION					PROJECT INFORMATION							
Page							Company:	MAQS				Name: Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc.							
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type					Report To:	Brendan	Lawlor			Number:			F	PROJ-	011631				
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type	Sp	ecial Instructions:		Email:	brlawlo	r@montr	ose-env	.com	P.O. #:				PO-0	12395					
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type Equipment Information    Size   Fiction   Control   Contro	Œ	A ampent to	mp, good		Address:	990 W 4	3rd Ave, Der	ver, CO 8	0211	Address:				N	I/A				
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type		Amm3 02.	22.22		Phone:	303-670-	-0530			Global ID:				N	I/A				
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type		30 + +	tan of A	and c	motition		Fax:	N/A				Sampled By:			BL, A	H, HE	O, EP, JG	, RK	
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type	6	3)Umblent u	orry, g		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,										A	nalys	is Reque	ested	
**Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation  Type	1	Amm3 02.22.	.22																
Sample ID (Location ID)   Size   Canister ID (1) Indoor (1) Indo																			
AshBaRaceO22122	L	Compling Information																	
Sample ID (Location ID)					Equipment			Committee		1		Sample	Marine	List					
Ash8Race022122		Sample ID (Location	on ID)	(A) Ambient	Canister ID	-					End		End						
1 48th8Race022122  A 1171  B 1724  G 1 15646  A 1724  G 1 15646  A 1724  G 1 15646  A 1724  A 1724  A 1724  A 1724  A 1724  A 1724  A 1725  A 1745  G 1 15646  A 1724  A 1264  A 1725  A 1266  A 1726  A 1266  A 12664  A 1726  A 1266  A 12664  A 12666  A 12664  A 12664  A 12666  A 126								Date	Time	Start ( rig)	Date	Time	("Hg)	Sun					
2 RBC022122	1	1 48th&Race022122		А	1171	6L	3728	2/21/22	7:15 AM	25	2/21/22	8:15AM	1	х					
3 FocusPoints022122	-			А		6L	15646	2/21/22	7:40 AM	25	2/21/22	8:40AM	1	×					
A 1466 6L 15648 2/21/22 07:14AM 25 2/21/22 08:14AM 1	H			А	745	6L	15644	2/21/22	7:55 AM	25	2/21/22	8:55AM	1	х					$\bot \bot$
S   AdamsHigh022122				А	1466	6L	15648	2/21/22	07:14AM	25	2/21/22	08:14AM	1	х					$\bot$
6   Central022122	_			А	712	6L	1606	2/21/22	07:45AM	24	2/21/22	8:45AM	1	х					$\perp$
7   Monroe022122				А	1436	6L	7536	2/21/22	07:42AM	25	2/21/22	8:41AM	0	х				1	$\perp$
8 AdamsMiddle022122 A 719 6L 1800 2/21/22 07:32AM 25 2/21/22 8:32AM 3 X	_			А	785	6L	11973	2/21/22	07:21AM	24	2/21/22	08:21AM	2	х				2	
Searney022122   A   722   GL   15641   2/21/22   07:30AM   25   2/21/22   08:30AM   0   x	-			А	719	6L	1800	2/21/22	07:32AM	25	2/21/22	8:32AM	3	х					
10 JUNC022122 A 709 6L 15642 2/21/22 07:45AM 24 2/21/22 08:45AM 6 x 1 1 1 BFD022122 A 1461 6L 15653 2/21/22 07:56AM 27 2/21/22 8:56AM 0 x 1 1 1 I BFD022122 A 1726 6L 15645 2/21/22 7:14 AM 24 2/21/22 08:14AM 1 x 1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				А	722	6L	15641	2/21/22	07:30AM	25	2/21/22	08:30AM	0	х					
11   BFD022122	-			А	709	6L	15642	2/21/22	07:45AM	24	2/21/22	08:45AM	6	х					
12   CAMP022122				A	1461	6L	15653	2/21/22	07:56AM	27	2/21/22	8:56AM	0	х					
Signature  Print Name Company / Title Date / Time  1 Relinquished By:  Received By:  Relinquished By:	-			А	1726	6L	15645	2/21/22	7:14 AM	24	2/21/22	08:14AM	1	х					
Received By:  Relinquished By:	F			Signatur	e		Print	Name			Company	/ Title				Date	/ Time	9	
1 Received By: A Wight M Miller EA 02.22.22 0930 2 Relinquished By: 2 Received By: B Might Myulli Alyssa M-Miller EA 02.21.22 1300 3 Relinquished By:	1	Relinguished Rv					Brendar	n Lawlor			PM				2/	21/2	021 13	:40	
<sup>2</sup> Relinquished By: <sup>2</sup> Received By:  B Output mywelds  Alipsa M-Miller  EA 02.22.22 1300  Relinquished By:	1		Man No		0004	Δ	1460	m Will	ev		EA			6	2.2	2.2	22 (	193	30
<sup>2</sup> Received By: B Augus moulds Alyssa Momiller EA 02.22.22 1300	2		The state of the s	1111100			7	1											
<sup>3</sup> Relinquished By:	2						Huma Miller EA			EA				02.22.22 1300				0	
	3		THE STATE OF THE S	11111000		.,													
Received BV	3	Received By:	and the print was			dar State		cased spiritures	mark from		particular sur		CAVE A LEG			1ATKI	VIII WAR		41397

# APPENDIX B AIR SAMPLING RESULTS AND SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT

			Health		CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe	CM9 - 48th and Race	BFD- Brighton	CAMP- Denver	JUNC- E470/I25
Compound Name	Coo No	AEGL 160 min Value (ppb)	Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22	2/21/22
Compound Name  1-Butene	Cas No 106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.175	0.134	0.138	0.188	0.183	0.107	0.165	0.258	0.174	0.232	0.0926	0.0661 (J)
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.122	0.143			0.115	0.0711(J)	0.0908	0.121	0.0957		< 0.0617	0.068 (J)
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.134	0.0771	0.0689		0.08	< 0.0619	0.124	0.11	< 0.0614	0.0731	0.156	< 0.0623
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.119	0.0822	0.0887	0.0969	0.0978	0.099	0.0899	0.0713	0.0808	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.164	0.126	0.107	0.102	0.111	0.111	0.111	0.125	0.243	0.11	0.0659 (J)	0.0845
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614	< 0.0613	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.458	0.521	0.37		0.56	0.397	0.496	0.596	0.784		0.153	0.196
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.128	0.117	0.0993		0.103	0.0833	0.101	0.105	0.136		0.0693 (J)	< 0.0623
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.389	0.118			0.103 0.135	0.0879	0.117	0.0818	0.222		< 0.0617 < 0.0617	< 0.0623
2,3-Dimethylbutane 2,3-Dimethylpentane	79-29-8 565-59-3	NR NR	5,400 8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.138	0.128	0.113	0.115	0.135	0.116		0.144	0.225		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.246	0.317	0.215		0.31	0.231	0.329	0.323	0.389		0.0949	0.106
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.13	0.121	0.116	0.132	0.126	0.111	0.112	0.0661 (J)		0.0626 (J)	< 0.0623
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	0.0826	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614	0.0898	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.298	0.364	0.246	0.361	0.362	0.358	0.358	0.411	0.581	0.387	0.122	0.136
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614	< 0.0613	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	2.7	2.12	1.68	1.94	1.93	2.52	1.97	1.99	2.67	2.43	1.36	1.01
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.39	0.325	0.282		0.328	0.334		0.367	0.513		0.164	0.191
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	2.85	3.02	3.34		6.2	2.43		4.88	5.02		1.69	1.41
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0672 (J)	0.0948	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	0.23		0.08	< 0.0623
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.106	0.107	0.139		0.189	0.0752		0.354	0.153	` '	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0614 (J)	0.0698	< 0.0617		0.0667 (J)	< 0.0619	0.075	0.0892	0.0795		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.269	0.278	0.197 0.131	0.244 < 0.0617	0.274	0.202	0.277	0.293	0.433		0.0793 < 0.0617	0.0851 < 0.0623
Cyclopentane	287-92-3 124-18-5	NR NR	5,900 1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.0815	< 0.0617		0.103	0.437	0.149	0.127	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	0.0743
Decane Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA NA	21.8	13.3	11.2		14.7	9.08	15.2	12	21.4		7.46	5.48
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3,3000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0855	0.132	0.096		0.119	0.113	0.131	0.104	0.167		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	4.41	3.05	2.65		3.46	2.87	3.21	2.93	4.44		1.46	1.33
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.217	0.185	0.155	0.165	0.211	0.135	0.233	0.215	0.269	0.281	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.306	0.531	0.282	0.439	0.406	0.26	0.382	0.504	0.642	0.686	0.111	0.139
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.946	0.969	1.05	1.59	1.75	0.64	1.31	2.06	1.18	2.35	0.545	0.454
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.5	1.75			2.28	1.2		2.71	2.36		0.458	0.64
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	0.091	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3 &.		2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.231	0.382	0.289		0.348	0.312		0.306	0.394		0.134	0.132
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611 < 0.0611	< 0.0617 < 0.0617	< 0.0617 < 0.0617		< 0.061 < 0.061	< 0.0619 < 0.0619	< 0.0619 < 0.0619	< 0.0616 < 0.0616	< 0.0614 < 0.0614		< 0.0617 < 0.0617	< 0.0623
Methylcyclohexane Methylcyclopentane	108-87-2 96-37-7	NR NR	4,000 750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.288	0.366	0.253		0.364	0.266	0.387	0.379	0.456		0.111	0.124
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.0784	< 0.0617		0.0723	< 0.0619	0.0717	0.0926	0.107		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617	` '	< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619	< 0.0619	< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.085	0.0671 (J)		0.0957	< 0.0619	0.163	0.133	0.0619 (J)	0.13	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
o-Xylene	95-47-6	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0716	0.128	0.0952		0.116	0.111	0.145	0.106	0.136	0.0916	< 0.0617	< 0.0623
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.0991	< 0.0617	0.067 (J)	< 0.061	0.0822	0.0958	0.114	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	0.0749
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.62	1.36	0.715	1.79	1.2	0.604	1.02	2.17	1.22	2.22	0.343	0.345
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	4.37	3.78	3.32	7.36	4.59	2.1	5.68	3.85	3.91	10.3	1.82	1.27
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	0.889	0.578	0.537	0.61	0.694	0.565	0.603	0.65	0.985	0.653	0.291	0.277
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	< 0.0611	< 0.0617	< 0.0617		< 0.061	< 0.0619		< 0.0616	< 0.0614		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.642	0.769			0.761	0.552		0.709	1.17		0.257	0.28
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.346	0.11			0.229	0.0675 (J)	0.208	0.459	0.176		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.45	0.302			0.386	0.508		0.126	0.418		< 0.0617	< 0.0623
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0611	0.0733	< 0.0617	0.0677 (J)	0.0694	< 0.0619	0.0969	0.111	< 0.0614	0.132	< 0.0617	< 0.0623

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the MDL.

Result qualifiers are reported to the right of corresponding detections (in parentheses).

(J) flag indicates an estimated value when the concentration is below the reporting limit but above the method detection limit.

NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

## Screening Legend

Detection (No Screening Value Established) Detection < Screening Value

Non-Detection < Screening Value

