

## 2022 Q2 SUMMA CANISTER REPORT COMMERCE CITY NORTH DENVER COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING NETWORK COMMERCE CITY, COLORADO

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from 6-liter evacuated stainless steel ("Summa") canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout entire neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two, the periodic collection and laboratory analysis of Summa canister air samples and a screening health risk analysis. Continuous, near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports.

Planned air samples were collected during the second quarter of 2022. A total of 13 planned air samples (1-hour) were collected by field technicians at ten locations within the CCND neighborhoods, and at an additional three non-CCND community monitoring reference sites (urban and rural background) that were chosen for the sampling campaign. All air samples were collected using Summa canisters and sent to an accredited laboratory for analysis of a broad suite of VOCs in accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methods TO-15 and TO-14A.

Health scientists from CTEH, LLC (CTEH®) (a subsidiary company of Montrose) performed a screening-level human health risk assessment based on the data collected by Montrose. A screening-level assessment uses the most health-conservative assumptions about exposure and chemical toxicity. This risk assessment was conducted to determine whether measured concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined risk) VOCs could potentially cause acute (short-term) adverse health effects. The health risk calculations described in this report were performed per federal and state guidance. The risk assessment resulted in the following overall findings:

- All measured individual and cumulative air concentrations of VOCs in planned air samples collected on May 24, 2022, at CCND and reference locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
- All measured concentrations of VOCs are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An “analyte” is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two (Summa canister sampling and analysis). The continuous near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports. Air monitoring, sampling, and analysis from all three approaches were conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and are available online at [www.ccnd-air.com/documents](http://www.ccnd-air.com/documents).

### 1.1 Air Monitoring Site Description

Ten Summa canister samples were collected from the CCND neighborhoods within a three-mile radius of the refinery operations. The tenth monitoring location (CM10 – Alsup Elementary) was set up and came online in late Q1 2022; therefore, this was the first quarter a planned Summa canister was collected and analyzed at CM10. The monitor locations are shown in Figures 1-1 and 1-2 and described in Table 1-1; they were selected based on the following criteria:

- Historical wind pattern data
- Proximity to the refinery and non-refinery sources
- Existing infrastructure, as well as site access and safety
- Community feedback

An additional three planned air samples were collected at non-CCND community monitoring sites (reference locations), in both urban and rural locations (Table 1-2). These locations were at the E470-I25 Junction (JUNC), the Brighton Fire Department (BFD), and the Colorado Department of Health and Environment (CDPHE) CAMP air monitoring station (CAMP). The JUNC and BFD monitoring locations were chosen as rural background locations about 13 miles north of the CCND network. The CAMP location was selected as a representative urban location that has comparative data collected by CDPHE<sup>1</sup>.

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<sup>1</sup> CDPHE describes CAMP as Urban in many reports. As an example, this description can be found on page 6 of the [2020 Ambient Air Monitoring Network Assessment](https://www.colorado.gov/airquality/tech_doc_repository.aspx?action=open&file=2020_CO_5yr_Network_Assessment.pdf): [https://www.colorado.gov/airquality/tech\\_doc\\_repository.aspx?action=open&file=2020\\_CO\\_5yr\\_Network\\_Assessment.pdf](https://www.colorado.gov/airquality/tech_doc_repository.aspx?action=open&file=2020_CO_5yr_Network_Assessment.pdf)

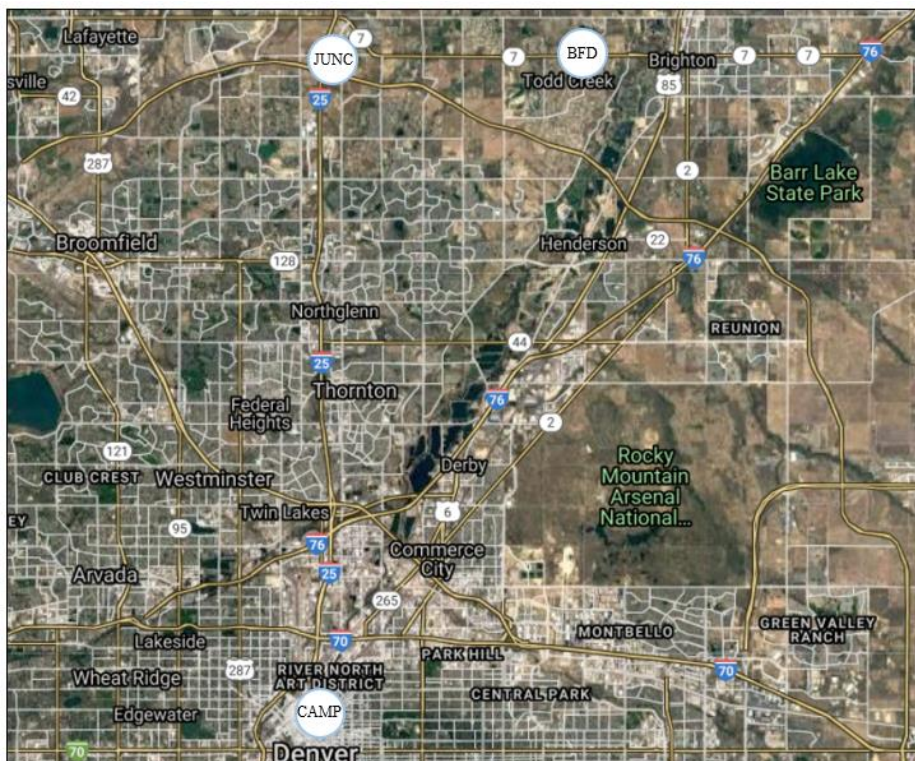
**FIGURE 1-1**  
**MAP OF TEN CCND MONITOR LOCATIONS**





**FIGURE 1-2**

MAP OF THREE NON-CCND COMMUNITY MONITORING (URBAN AND RURAL BACKGROUND) SITES: E470/I25 (JUNC), BRIGHTON FIRE DEPARTMENT (BFD) AND COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT (CDPHE) CAMP AIR MONITORING STATION (CAMP)



**TABLE 1-1**  
**CCND MONITORS AND SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING LOCATIONS**

<b>Location ID</b>	<b>Secondary ID</b>	<b>GPS Coordinates</b>	<b>Distance from Refinery Center (miles)</b>	<b>Cross Streets</b>
CM1	Rose Hill Elementary School	39.80164, -104.90882	2.0	E. 58 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Oneida St., Commerce City
CM2	Suncor Refinery Business Center	39.79599, -104.95603	0.70	Brighton Blvd. & York St., Commerce City
CM3	Adams City High School	39.82736, -104.90193	2.9	E. 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Quebec Pkwy, Commerce City
CM4	Adams City Middle School	39.82893, -104.93499	1.9	Birch St. & E. 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM5	Central Elementary School	39.81457, -104.91928	1.7	Holly St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM6	Focus Points Family Resource Center	39.78436, -104.95663	1.4	Columbine St. & 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM7	Kearney Middle School	39.80888, -104.91545	1.7	E. 62 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Kearney St., Commerce City
CM8	Monroe	39.8156, -104.94503	0.85	Monroe St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM9	48 <sup>th</sup> and Race	39.78455, -104.96264	1.7	East 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Race St., Denver
CM10	Alsup Elementary School	39.82026, -104.93663	1.3	East 68 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Birch St., Commerce City

**TABLE 1-2**  
**SUMMA CANISTER REFERENCE LOCATIONS**

Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	Distance from Refinery Center (miles)	Cross Streets
CAMP	Denver CDPHE	39.75111, -104.98766	4.2	Champa St. & N. Broadway, Denver
JUNC	E470/I25	39.98614, -104.98468	12.8	E. 160 <sup>th</sup> & Washington St., Thornton
BFD	Brighton	39.98512, -104.86665	13.1	Havana St. & Havana Way, Brighton

## 2.0 METHODS

### 2.1 Air Sampling Methods

Planned air samples were collected during the second quarter of 2022 on May 24, 2022. Entech Instruments Silonite™ CS1200E Passive Canister Samplers connected to 6-liter chemically inert stainless steel (“Summa”) canisters were used to collect samples over a 1-hour period. The Summa canisters were cleaned and blanked for use according to laboratory standard operating procedures. Planned air samples were collected by a field technician by manually opening and closing the Summa canister’s regulator valve during a time when real-time instruments indicated total VOC concentrations to be less than the 1-ppm trigger level. All sampling and quality assurance procedures were performed by Montrose. All Summa canister field sampling followed the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) provided in the QAPP.

The canister samples were shipped to Enthalpy Analytical in Durham, North Carolina. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Compendium Method TO-14A “*Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air using Specially Prepared Canisters with Subsequent Analysis by Gas Chromatography*” and TO-15 entitled “*Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air Collected in Specially Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)*” were followed for both sampling and analysis methodology. A total of 59 analytes were selected for analysis in this assessment, based on the typical suite of compounds monitored for in urban and industrial areas, accounting for laboratory analysis capabilities (Table 1-3).



**TABLE 1-3**  
**SELECTED COMPOUNDS MEASURED IN SUMMA CANISTERS**

Ethylene	Isopentane	3-Methylpentane	3-Methylheptane	2,4-Dimethylpentane
Acetylene	1-Pentene	1-Hexene	Nonane	2,3-Dimethylpentane
Ethane	Pentane	1,3-Butadiene	3-Ethyltoluene	1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene
Propylene	Isoprene	Heptane	2-Ethyltoluene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
Propane	Trans-2-Pentene	2-Methylhexane	Decane	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane
Isobutane	Cis-2-Pentene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Tetrachloroethene
1-Butene	2,2-Dimethylbutane	3-Methylhexane	m-Diethylbenzene	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
Butane	Cyclopentane	Methylcyclohexane	p-Diethylbenzene	Methylcyclopentane
Trans-2-Butene	Cyclohexane	Hexane	Undecane	2,3,4-Trimethylpentane
Cis-2-Butene	2-Methylpentane	2-Methylheptane	Dodecane	2,3-Dimethylbutane
m-/p-Xylenes	o-Xylene	4-Ethyltoluene	Benzene	Carbon disulfide
n-Octane	Isopropylbenzene	n-Propylbenzene	Naphthalene	

## 2.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Methods

CTEH® conducted a screening-level public health risk assessment, consistent with federal and state risk assessment guidelines, to determine whether exposure to the detected concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) analytes in the air could potentially pose acute (short-term) health impacts. A tiered approach to the risk assessment was used. This approach involves one or more iterative steps (or tiers) being performed in which health risks are calculated and evaluated multiple times. In most cases, risk assessors cannot know exactly the level of chemical exposure experienced by individuals or communities. Therefore, the first tier involves use of exposure assumptions that are health-conservative. This means that data reflecting maximum exposure potential are plugged into the risk calculations. These are worst-case scenarios that typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. Such calculations are very simple and assume a person is constantly exposed to the highest measured chemical level. If the resulting risk values indicate the lack of likely adverse health effects under these worst-case conditions, then the risk assessment is complete. However, if the risk values suggest a potential for adverse health effects, then a second tier of risk calculations are performed, but this time using more detailed assumptions about exposure that are still simple

representations of the real world but are more realistic than the first-tier worst-case assumptions. Each successive tier represents a more complete characterization of exposure variability and/or uncertainty that requires a corresponding increase in calculation complexity and scientific level of effort.

The first-tier of this risk assessment process is called a screening-level risk assessment. The conservative assumptions used for this level of risk calculation typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. As such, an exceedance of an acceptable risk level (defined below) does not necessarily indicate that adverse health effects are likely. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) states, “*when health assessors find exposures higher than the MRLs (ATSDR’s specific health-based reference levels), it means that they may want to look more closely at a site*”<sup>2</sup>. In other words, screening-level findings of an estimated exposure to a VOC being higher than a health-based reference level do NOT indicate an actual likelihood of adverse effects but do indicate a need to move to a second tier of analysis and refine the risk assessment process with more realistic detail to determine if an actual risk exists that needs to be mitigated.

The screening-level risk assessment reported here includes calculated risks from exposure to individually measured chemicals as well as exposure to all measured chemicals at once (cumulative). For individual chemicals, an acute health risk value was calculated as the exposure concentration (EC) divided by the chemical-specific federal or state established acute Reference Levels (RL) (Equation 1). The result is referred to as the hazard quotient (HQ). Estimates of EC were derived from the 1-hour average concentrations of each analyte. Using the average for the EC conservatively assumes that a hypothetical maximally exposed individual occupies the sampling location area and breathes the 1-hour detected concentration continuously for an hour up to multiple days (an acute exposure). The RLs used to calculate the HQs are previously established exposure levels below which no adverse effect in humans is expected. If available, RLs adopted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) were selected for use within this assessment and include ATSDR acute minimum risk levels (MRL), California EPA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) acute risk levels, and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) acute exposure screening levels (acute ESL) or Reference Value (ReVs)<sup>3</sup>. If the analyte was not listed by CDPHE, CTEH<sup>®</sup> followed a federal and state recommended hierarchy for selection of health-based reference levels<sup>4</sup>.

Acute HQs were calculated as follows:

#### **Eq. 1 – Hazard Quotient (HQ) Equation**

$$HQ = EC / RL$$

Where:

*HQ= Hazard Quotient*

*EC= 1-hour average air concentration*

*RL= Acute Health-based Reference Level (ATSDR, Cal EPA OEHHA, and TCEQ)*

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<sup>2</sup>[https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%20\(MRLs\).](https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%20(MRLs).)

<sup>3</sup> <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P2KEvu0MFiyzQAOQtjQUclqR-WGh1bEX/view>

<sup>4</sup> <https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2015-11/documents/hhmemo.pdf>

Health risks from potential cumulative exposures to all detected analytes were calculated by adding together each individual analyte's HQ calculated for a given sampling location. This sum of all the individual HQs is called a Hazard Index (HI). Adding together all the HQs is also a very health-conservative approach because it assumes that all the measured analytes exert an adverse effect on the body in a similar manner, which is rarely the case.

An HQ or HI of less than or equal to one is an indication that the estimated exposure is likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations. The potential for adverse health effects increases as HQ or HI increase above one, but it is not known by how much. HQ or HI values of greater than one would prompt a second-tier risk assessment beyond the screening-level assessment.

According to the USEPA and ATSDR, the federal agencies that establish these reference levels, these values *"are set below levels that, based on current information, might cause adverse health effects in the people most sensitive."* This is because RLs are based on observed toxicity in human or animal studies with an added safety factor to account for uncertainties in the toxicity data. For example, ATSDR identified the lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) for acute exposure to benzene as 10,200 parts per billion (ppb), based on a study of mice exposed six hours per day for six days. ATSDR then applied a combined safety factor of 300 to derive the final RL to account for several uncertainties, including differences between mice and humans and for sensitive individuals. Therefore, it is scientifically incorrect to assume that all real-world exposures to a chemical at levels higher than a RL will likely result in an adverse effect.

The USEPA also has established values for use in emergency situations, termed Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs). Unlike health-based reference levels that can be thousands of times below exposure levels where adverse effects are observed, AEGL values are levels at which different acute adverse health effects may be anticipated to occur. According to USEPA, *"AEGL-1 represent exposure levels that could produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and non-disabling odor, taste, and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, non-sensory effects. With increasing airborne concentration above each AEGL, there is a progressive increase in the likelihood of occurrence and the severity of effects described for each corresponding AEGL [i.e., AEGL-2 or AEGL-3]."* The AEGL-1 60-minute value, if available for the applicable compound, was provided for comparison purposes because it is more precautionary (than AEGL-2 or AEGL-3) as the AEGL-1 level reflects potential health impacts that are reversible upon cessation of exposure.

### **3.0 RESULTS**

#### **3.1 Summary of Air Sampling Results**

A total of 13, one-hour planned air samples were collected during the second quarter of 2022. Ten samples were collected from CCND sampling locations and three were collected from reference locations. Summary details are presented in Tables 1-4 and 1-5, and additional details are available in Appendix A.

**TABLE 1-4**  
**MAY 24, 2022 (Q2) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – CCND MONITORING**

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections
1-Butene	106-98-9	10	5	0.0703 - 0.0894
1-Hexene	592-41-6	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
1-Pentene	109-67-1	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	10	2	0.0869 - 0.1010
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	10	9	0.0979 - 0.2900
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	10	6	0.1580 - 0.2090
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	10	9	0.0859 - 0.8910
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	10	1	0.3690
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	10	1	0.0690
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	10	2	0.0665 - 0.0775
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	10	9	0.2470 - 0.6620
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	10	9	0.1250 - 0.1900
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	10	5	0.0677 - 0.1040
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	10	6	0.0647 - 0.1650
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	10	1	0.1030
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	10	4	0.1980 - 0.4380
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	10	3	0.1010 - 0.8950
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	10	1	0.0635
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	10	7	0.0892 - 0.7580
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	10	10	0.0898 - 0.3300
Acetylene	74-86-2	10	10	0.3360 - 2.2800
Benzene	71-43-2	10	10	0.2820 - 0.4620
Butane	106-97-8	10	10	2.6400 - 6.7100
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	10	7	0.1260 - 0.2930
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	10	1	0.0773
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	10	9	0.2120 - 0.4520
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	10	9	0.0968 - 0.3520
Decane	124-18-5	10	4	0.0642 - 0.5190
Dodecane	112-40-3	10	4	0.0667 - 108.0000
Ethane	74-84-0	10	9	12.8000 - 42.8000
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	10	10	0.1250 - 0.3960
Ethylene	74-85-1	10	10	0.5340 - 2.6900
Heptane	142-82-5	10	10	0.2360 - 0.4780
Hexane	110-54-3	10	10	0.5180 - 0.9180
Isobutane	75-28-5	10	10	1.2400 - 2.5800
Isopentane	78-78-4	10	10	1.2300 - 20.5000
Isoprene	78-79-5	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	10	9	0.0814 - 0.1970
m-/p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	10	10	0.1750 - 2.4200
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	10	6	0.0833 - 0.6270
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	10	2	0.2650 - 0.3760
n-Octane	111-65-9	10	9	0.1150 - 0.2880
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	10	10	0.0948 - 0.2990
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10	9	0.0717 - 2.4000
Nonane	111-84-2	10	3	0.0783 - 0.3890
o-Xylene	95-47-6	10	10	0.1120 - 1.4000
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	10	1	0.9040
Pentane	109-66-0	10	10	1.3800 - 61.1000
Propane	74-98-6	10	10	5.8500 - 38.3000
Propylene	115-07-1	10	10	0.1560 - 0.4070
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	10	9	0.1090 - 0.1720
Toluene	108-88-3	10	10	0.3180 - 4.9400
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	10	1	0.0651
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	10	0	< 0.0621 - < 0.0658
Undecane	1120-21-4	10	2	0.0639 - 6.5900

All results presented in ppb

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.

**TABLE 1-5**  
**MAY 24, 2022 (Q2) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – REFERENCE**  
**LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PARTS PER BILLION BY VOLUME)**

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections
1-Butene	106-98-9	3	2	0.0965 - 0.1060
1-Hexene	592-41-6	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
1-Pentene	109-67-1	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	3	2	0.0704 - 0.2150
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3	3	0.1140 - 0.1950
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	3	3	0.1040 - 0.2090
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	3	3	0.0888 - 0.1410
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	3	2	0.3610 - 0.6360
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	3	3	0.1310 - 0.2270
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	3	1	0.1010
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	3	2	0.0917 - 0.1930
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	3	3	0.0666 - 0.4390
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	3	1	0.1010
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	3	3	0.0902 - 0.1330
Acetylene	74-86-2	3	2	0.5680 - 0.8810
Benzene	71-43-2	3	3	0.2150 - 0.4920
Butane	106-97-8	3	2	3.4800 - 5.2900
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3	3	0.1480 - 0.2300
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	3	3	0.2000 - 0.3760
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	3	2	0.1030 - 0.1750
Decane	124-18-5	3	2	0.0903 - 0.8100
Dodecane	112-40-3	3	2	0.0656 - 0.2000
Ethane	74-84-0	3	3	0.1080 - 19.2000
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3	3	0.1160 - 0.2260
Ethylene	74-85-1	3	3	0.0631 - 1.5300
Heptane	142-82-5	3	3	0.2720 - 0.4160
Hexane	110-54-3	3	3	0.4750 - 1.1600
Isobutane	75-28-5	3	2	1.0900 - 1.6200
Isopentane	78-78-4	3	3	0.0677 - 2.3700
Isoprene	78-79-5	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	3	3	0.0860 - 0.1160
m-/p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	3	3	0.1550 - 0.3980
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	3	2	0.1460 - 0.2290
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
n-Octane	111-65-9	3	3	0.1210 - 0.1900
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	3	3	0.0986 - 0.1410
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3	3	0.0698 - 0.1010
Nonane	111-84-2	3	2	0.0867 - 0.1060
o-Xylene	95-47-6	3	3	0.1220 - 0.2040
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	3	2	0.0696 - 0.1300
Pentane	109-66-0	3	3	0.0659 - 3.3700
Propane	74-98-6	3	3	0.0700 - 9.7300
Propylene	115-07-1	3	3	0.0655 - 0.4140
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	3	3	0.1130 - 0.1540
Toluene	108-88-3	3	3	0.2400 - 0.9100
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	3	0	< 0.0618 - < 0.0628
Undecane	1120-21-4	3	2	0.0713 - 0.0794

All results presented in ppb

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.

### 3.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Results

The purpose of this screening health risk assessment was to determine whether exposure to the concentrations of individual or cumulative VOCs could potentially pose acute (short-term) health hazards. Acute health risks were estimated for each location for each substance both individually and combined. According to USEPA guidelines (USEPA 1989, 2004), a HQ or HI less than or equal to one indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive subpopulations. The calculated acute HQ and HI are summarized in Table 1-6, Table 1-7 and Figure 1-3 and all data are presented in Appendix B. In general, the air sampling data and health risk assessment indicate:

- All measured individual and cumulative air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on May 24, 2022, at CCND sampling locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
  - Table 1-6 shows all HQs for individual VOCs to be well below one. An HQ of less than one indicates unlikely risk of acute adverse health effects from that VOC.
  - Cumulative health risks (as indicated by HI) for all VOCs are shown in Figure 1-3. The calculated HI for all sampled sites were well below one, indicating unlikely risk of acute adverse health effects from cumulative exposure to measured analytes.
- All measured individual and combined air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on May 24, 2022, at the three additional reference sample locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels (Table 1-7, Figure 1-3).
- These risk results for samples taken from both CCND and reference locations indicate the measured concentrations are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

The HI estimated from the CM1 (Rose Hill Elementary) sampling location was approximately two times higher than the range of HIs for other sampling locations during this sampling period (HI of 0.19 compared to 0.05-0.09) and higher than calculated HIs from previous samples collected at CM1. Due to this notable difference, CTEH toxicologists conducted a further qualitative analysis of the data, which indicated that dodecane was 1,000 times higher than all other measurements, which resulted in dodecane being the main contributor to the calculated HI (30% of the HI). In addition to dodecane, other alkane hydrocarbons (six carbons and higher) were 2-100 times higher than previous measurements. Although the reason for these outlier measurements has not been determined, the meteorological data indicate the wind direction was from the North-Northeast (NNE) during the time of sample collection. Additional samples were collected on 7/8/22 and 7/11/22 to determine if dodecane and other VOCs would be observed at levels comparable to or elevated above levels previously measured at CM1 and its vicinity. Results of those samples are pending and will be included in a subsequent report. It should be noted that although the 2nd quarter 1-hour sample at CM1 had outlier measurements of heavy hydrocarbons compared to other samples, all individual VOCs



were at least 16 times lower than their respective acute RLs and the total HI was five times lower than the acute HI that would trigger a tier II evaluation (HI greater than 1).

**TABLE 1-6**  
**MAY 24, 2022 (Q2) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS: COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – CCND MONITORING SITES**

Compound Name	Cas No	AEG 1.60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	Hazard Quotient May 24, 2022									
					CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor RBC	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe	CM9 - 48th and Race	CM10 - Alsup Elementary School
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0010	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHA Acute REL	0.0005	0.0005	0.0007	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0005
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0015	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0036	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0004	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0013	0.0004	0.0006	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0005	0.0004	0.0005
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0513	0.0426	0.0339	0.0350	0.0317	0.0341	0.0313	0.0347	0.0466	0.0336
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHA Acute REL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0004	0.0003
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0005	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0628	0.0000	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	33,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0000
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopropylbenzene	95-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0004	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
m/p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0012	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0005	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0004	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0006	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0253	0.0008	0.0011	0.0008	0.0007	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0009	0.0008
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-Xylene	95-47-6	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0007	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0020	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0009	0.0000
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0205	0.0203	0.0287	0.0215	0.0202	0.0208	0.0182	0.0202	0.0213	0.0188
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0008	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0025	0.0002
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0120	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Hazard Index					0.1888	0.0686	0.0693	0.0614	0.0565	0.0598	0.0546	0.0602	0.0769	0.0574

NA = Not Available  
NR = According to EPA, AEG 1 is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

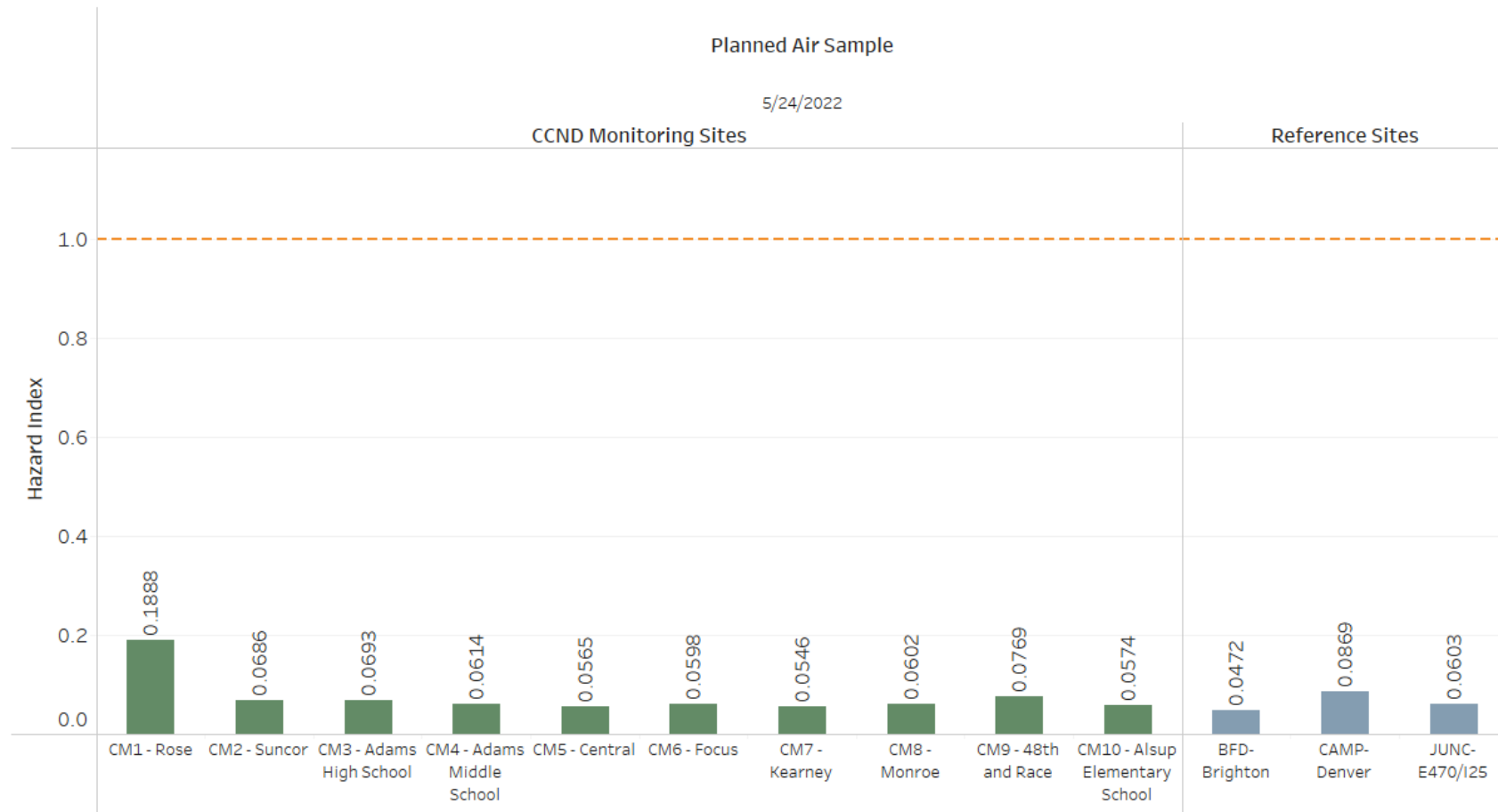
**TABLE 1-7**  
**MAY 24, 2022 (Q2) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS: COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – REFERENCE SITES**

Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	Hazard Quotient May 24, 2022		
					BFD-Brighton	CAMP-Denver	JUNC-E470/I25
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0006	0.0007	0.0003
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0004	0.0005	0.0004
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0239	0.0547	0.0354
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0004	0.0002
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0008
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	33,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
m/p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0007	0.0011	0.0008
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-Xylene	95-47-6	130,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0190	0.0257	0.0188
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0005	0.0003
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Hazard Index					0.0472	0.0869	0.0603

NA = Not Available

NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

**FIGURE 1-3**  
MAY 24, 2022 (Q2) - HAZARD INDEX BY AIR SAMPLING LOCATION FOR ALL PLANNED AIR SAMPLES



Hazard Index (HI) is the sum of all combined hazard quotients (HQ). According to EPA, a HI less than or equal to one (orange line) indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

### 3.3 Uncertainty Evaluation

Scientific uncertainty is inherent in each step of the risk assessment process because all risk assessments incorporate a variety of assumptions and professional judgments (USEPA 1989, 2004). Therefore, the acute health hazard estimates presented in this assessment are conditional estimates given a considerable number of assumptions about exposure and toxicity.

This screening-level risk assessment relied on a combination of health-protective exposure scenarios and input values (i.e., high-end exposures). This approach was selected to help risk management decision making. Because of these assumptions, the estimates of acute hazards are themselves uncertain.

This risk assessment did not address past or present health outcomes associated with current or past exposures. As such, this risk assessment cannot be used to make realistic predictions of biological effects and/or used to determine whether someone is ill (cancer or other adverse health effects) due to past or current exposures. This risk assessment was limited to inhalation exposures from outdoor exposures to *all* potential sources.

### 4.0 PROGRAM CHANGES

Q2 2022 was the first quarter in which a planned Summa canister was collected at CM10.

Prepared by:



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Austin Heitmann  
Director of Emerging Technology  
Montrose Air Quality Services



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Michael Lumpkin, PhD, DABT  
Senior Toxicologist  
CTEH®, LLC

## **APPENDIX A**

### **SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODIES**





# ENTHALPY ANALYTICAL

## Air Chain of Custody Record

Lab No:

Page:

1

of

2

10 Day:

x

2 Day:

5 Day:

3 Day:

Custom TAT:

## Turn Around Time (rush by advanced not only)

### CUSTOMER INFORMATION

Company:

MAQS

Report To:

Austin Heitmann

Email:

aheitmann@montrose-env.com

Address:

990 W 43rd Ave, Denver, CO 80211

Phone:

303-670-0530

Fax:

N/A

### PROJECT INFORMATION

Name:

Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc.

Number:

PROJ-013370

P.O. #:

PO-023647

Address:

N/A

Global ID:

N/A

Sampled By:

Denver Ambient Team

Special Instructions:

Ambient temp  
good condition  
AMM3 0525-22

### Analysis Requested

\*\*Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation

Sample ID (Location ID)		Type	Equipment Information			Sampling Information						Suncor List										
		(I) Indoor (A) Ambient (SV) Soil Vapor (S) Source	Canister ID	Size (1L, 3L, 6L, 15L)	Flow Controller ID	Sample Start Date	Sample Start Time	Vacuum Start ("Hg)	Sample End Date	Sample End Time	Vacuum End ("Hg)											
1	CAMP	A	14696	6L	--	5/24/22	7:24 AM	25	5/24/22	8:24	1	x										
2	Adams Middle	A	15582	6L	--	5/24/22	7:04 AM	25	5/24/22	8:04	1	x										
3	Monroe	A	14701	6L	--	5/24/22	7:32 AM	25	5/24/22	8:30	1	x										
4	Alsop	A	14705	6L	--	5/24/22	7:11 AM	25	5/24/22	8:11	1	x										
5	Focus Point	A	15928	6L	--	5/24/22	7:35 AM	25	5/24/22	8:35	1	x										
6	48th and Race	A	15579	6L	--	5/24/22	7:40 AM	25	5/24/22	8:40	1	x										
7	RBC	A	14694	6L	--	5/24/22	7:22 AM	25	5/24/22	8:22	1	x										
8	Central	A	15929	6L	--	5/24/22	7:33 AM	25	5/24/22	8:33	0	x										
9	Kearney	A	14700	6L	--	5/24/22	7:16 AM	25	5/24/22	8:15	0	x										
10	Rose	A	15906	6L	--	5/24/22	7:25 AM	25	5/24/22	8:24	3	x										

	Signature	3.2L Print Name	Company / Title	Date / Time
1 Relinquished By:	Austin Heitmann	AMM3 05-24-22 Austin Heitmann	MAQS	5/24/22-1000
1 Received By:	Alyssa Miller	Alyssa Miller	EA	05-25-22 1400
2 Relinquished By:				
2 Received By:				
3 Relinquished By:				
3 Received By:				





**Turn Around Time (rush by advanced notice only)**

3 Day:

Custom TAT

## PROJECT INFORMATION

Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc.

PROJ-013370

PO-023647

N/A

N/A

Denver Ambient Team

Ambient temp  
good condition  
Amm<sup>3</sup> 05-26-22

### Analysis Requested

**\*\*Canister pressure may increase as samples are shipping to a different elevation**

Supplier List

Date / Time

5/24/22-1000

05.25.22 1400

3 Receive y:

## **APPENDIX B AIR SAMPLING RESULTS AND SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT**

Community Air Monitoring Network Summa Canister Results

					Planned Air Sample										Screening Legend		
					5/24/22												
					CCND Monitoring Sites										Reference Sites		
Compound Name	Cas No.	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor RBC	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe	CM9 - 48th and Race	CM10 - Alsup Elementary School	BFD- Brighton	CAMP- Denver	JUNC- E470/I25
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	0.0729 (J)	0.0859	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	0.0894	0.0703 (J)	0.0809	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	0.106	0.0965
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.01	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	0.0869	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	0.0704	0.215
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	2.9	0.126	0.157	0.122	0.11	0.103	0.103	0.147	0.171	0.0979	0.114	0.195	0.131
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.158	0.159	0.209	0.169	0.169	0.169	0.159	0.158	0.177	0.161	0.17	0.209	0.104
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.891	0.0956	0.141	0.1	0.0867	0.0906	0.0859	0.112	0.121	0.112	0.0888	0.141	0.11
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.369	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	0.069 (J)	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	0.0775	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	0.0665 (J)	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.53	0.662	0.259	0.413	0.247	< 0.0637	0.36	0.495	0.619	0.37	< 0.0628	0.636	0.361
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.168	0.158	0.177	0.149	0.151	0.154	0.125	0.158	0.19	0.153	0.131	0.227	0.151
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0797	< 0.0637	0.0677 (J)	< 0.0621	0.0798	< 0.0637	0.0874	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	0.104	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	0.101
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.165	0.0647 (J)	< 0.0624	0.0948	0.0783	< 0.0637	< 0.064	0.114	< 0.0624	0.0772	< 0.0628	0.193	0.0917
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.103	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.438	< 0.0637	0.198	0.25	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	0.331	< 0.0624	0.25	0.0666 (J)	0.439	0.269
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.895	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	0.101	0.113	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	0.0635 (J)	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.114	0.395	0.0907	0.0968	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	0.156	0.758	0.0892	< 0.0628	0.101	< 0.0627
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.33	0.0922	0.154	0.0984	0.0909	0.0923	0.0898	0.118	0.112	0.114	0.0902	0.133	0.103
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.398	2.28	0.336	0.627	0.416	0.672	0.56	0.525	1.03	0.474	< 0.0628	0.881	0.568
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.462	0.383	0.305	0.315	0.285	0.307	0.282	0.312	0.419	0.302	0.215	0.492	0.319
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	4.83	6.71	2.64	4.21	2.66	4.13	3.91	4.63	5.09	4.2	< 0.0628	5.29	3.48
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.138	0.136	0.293	0.13	0.126	0.13	0.128	0.142	0.128	0.138	0.148	0.16	0.23
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	0.0773	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0658	< 0.0637	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	< 0.0624	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	< 0.0618	< 0.0627
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.452	0.339	0.248	0.252	0.253	0.248	0.212	0.275	0.362	0.265	0.2	0.376	0.248
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.166	0.176	0.229	0.11	0.0968	0.125	0.116	0.352	0.196	0.116	< 0.0628	0.175	0.103
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.519	0.0642 (J)	0.155	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	< 0.0637	< 0.064	< 0.0631	0.0739	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	0.0903	0.81
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	108	< 0.0637	1.15	< 0.0621	< 0.0654	0.0667 (J)	< 0.064	< 0.0631	0.0805	< 0.0621	< 0.0628	0.0656 (J)	0.2
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	15.6	17.7	12.8	16	13.1	15.5	14.3	16	42.8	15.3	0.108	19.2	14.1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	33,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.396	0.15	0.188	0.149	0.131	0.14	0.125	0.162	0.185	0.142	0.116	0.226	0.144
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.693	0.986	0.534	0.951	1.06	0.827	0.875	0.824	2.69	0.77	0.0631 (J)	1.53	0.58
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.478	0.38											

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